DATE

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS __FEDERAL __STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL

STATE

INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM DATE ENTERED SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS **1 NAME** HISTORIC Bennett, Jonathan M., House; Bennett, Louis, House AND/OR COMMON Louis Bennett Public Library 2 LOCATION STREET & NUMBER Court Avenue NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CITY, TOWN VICINITY OF Second Weston STATE CODE COUNTY CODE 041 West Virginia 54 Lewis CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS **PRESENT USE** DISTRICT X_PUBLIC **X**OCCUPIED __AGRICULTURE __MUSEUM X BUILDING(S) __PRIVATE _UNOCCUPIEDCOMMERCIAL __PARK __STRUCTURE __BOTH _WORK IN PROGRESS **X**.EDUCATIONAL __PRIVATE RESIDENCE __SITE **PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE** __ENTERTAINMENT __RELIGIOUS __OBJECT IN PROCESS XYES: RESTRICTED __GOVERNMENT __SCIENTIFIC _BEING CONSIDERED __YES: UNRESTRICTED __INDUSTRIAL __TRANSPORTATION __NO _MILITARY XOTHER: 4 OWNER OF PROPERTY Library NAME County Court of Lewis County STREET & NUMBER Lewis County Courthouse CITY, TOWN STATE Weston VICINITY OF West Virginia LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC. Lewis County Courthouse STREET & NUMBER Center Avenue CITY, TOWN STATE Weston West Virginia 6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE



CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

LEXCELLENT .

__DETERIORATED
__RUINS

_UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

__FAIR

__UNEXPOSED

__MOVED DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Louis Bennett Library personifies the ideal in High Victorian Italianate architecture, an eclectic composition geared to the tastes of the priviliged captitalist of the post Civil War years. The building was commissioned as a residence for Jonathan M. Bennett and erected in 1874-75 from the designs of a Parkersburg, West Virginia, architect whose idenity is presently unknown.

The seventeen room mansion retains its nineteenth century integrity as a result of a preservation clause in the 1922 deed which stipulates that any alterations or changes to the building be undertaken in such a manner "as to preserve in its present form...the exterior of the front part of said residence." The use of the building as a library has not compromised the interior architectural flow of space, ceiling height, or detail, thereby saving the building as a veritable showplace of nineteenth century design and building technology.

The mansard roof of the building's tower was recently resheathed in gray painted wooden shakes to simulate the original slate courses that had deteriorated. Gabled dormers on the north, south and east elevations of the tower roof were not replaced. The original entrance walkway was altered from a single to double approach at the time the building became a library. Another slight alteration occurred when a remodeling of the kitchen and service wing of the house was undertaken to provide office space for the library.

The mansarded, four and one half story entrance tower stands as a dominant unit between the main block of the building running north to south and the ell running east to west. The high-pitched roof of the gabled ell and bulk of the tower form a picturesque mass neatly framed by two subtle vertical elements, a gabled dormer to the north and a tall, corbel capped brick chimney to the south. The whole of the composition is intricately detailed with elaborate millwork and finely appointed pressed tin ornamentation.

Italianate details on the Bennett Library of special note are the heavy wooden brackets of the tower and veranda, a balustraded tower balcony, and an elaborate bargeboard with wooden loops which culminates in the apex of the front gable in an intricate wooden lattice with pendant. A windowhood and segmental and rounded window heads of pressed tin are other noteworthy architectural features.

The parlor and billard rooms of the library - the stack areas - contain original plaster ceiling moldings. Windows bay transverse arches, woodwork, and interior paneled and louvered window shutters are intact throughout. Mid-century arched fireplaces - with a single exception - are metal types simulating marble.

The stairway at the rear of the foyer is of open well, open string design with four principal flights. The rails and balusters are finely molded hardwood resembling in coloration and texture the mahogany shelves of the mansion's mantles. The rails rise continuously from bottom to top floors, rounding each landing.

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PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
_1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	<u>X</u> EDUCATION	MILITARY	X SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENG!NEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>×</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	XPOLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES

1874-75

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Louis Bennett Public Library and War Memorial at Weston, Lewis County, West Virginia, is the former residence of the Bennett family whose lineal history figures prominently in the business, legal, land, and political affairs of both Virginia and West Virginia in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. The mansion is a meticulous example of High Victorian Italianate architecture and corresponds figuratively in stature to the man who commissioned it in 1874-75, Jonathan M. Bennett.

Mr. Bennett's son, Louis Bennett, and grandson, Louis Bennett, Jr., were memorialized by the brick residence when it was left in 1922 to the citizens of Lewis County by Mrs. Louis Bennett, Sr., as a public library and community center. Her philanthropy was precipitated by the death of both her husband and only surviving son in August, 1918, the latter the result of an heroic military action in the First World War.

Jonathan M. Bennett (1816-1887) is regarded among the most significant personages of Lewis County history. He was born in the Collins settlement of the county, studied locally, and was married to Margaret Elizabeth Jackson, a cousin of Thomas J. (Stonewall) Jackson, with whom Mr. Bennett was a lifelong friend and protege.

From 1836 to 1865 Jonathan M. Bennett vigorously participated in the political and social affairs of the Commonwealth of Virginia. He won most of the local offices including the office of Mayor of Weston in 1846. Following an 1852-53 term in the Virginia General Assembly, Jonathan Bennett served as president of the Exchange Bank of Virginia at Weston.

Governor Henry A. Wise appointed Bennett, a Democrat, First Auditor of Virginia in 1857, a position he held at Richmond until the end of the Civil War in 1865.

One of the greatest single events in the history of Weston was the location of the Trans-Alleghany Lunatic Asylum (Weston State Hospital) at Weston in 1859. Jonathan Bennett used his influence as Auditor of Virginia to promote this transaction. The Parkersburg- Staunton Turnpike and first narrow-gauge railroad between Weston and Clarksburg were other projects Bennett promoted, as much for his own gain as for the benefit of his native town.

Because of Jonathan Bennett's loyalty to Virginia during the Civil War, he was thus one of the few important men of his day to have served both Virginia and the newly emergent West Virginia, and to have thereby gained unique political and social perspectives. Bennett's undiminished stature in West Virginia following

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Louis Bennett Public Library, Lewis County, West Virginia

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the war is reflected in his election to the State Senate, 1872-76, where he served as finance committee chairman, the Senate's most powerful post. Regarding the famous Virginia Debt question, Bennett's committee found that Virginia actually owed West Virginia \$525,000.

The Bennett home during the residency of both Jonathan and Louis was the ranking center of social activity in central West Virgina. On many occasions "governors, senators, bishops, and lesser public officials as well as relatives and friends from Walkersville, Glenville, mear-by farms, or distant points knew that there was always a welcome for them...."

Following the death of Jonathan Bennett in 1887, the family home became the property of the fourth child, Louis Bennett, by decree of the Lewis County Circuit Court in 1891. Louis Bennett (1848-1918) was successful at the bar, established himself politically, and gained the social notoriety his father commanded.

Before he was 30 years old, Louis Bennett won an appointment as principal (president) of Glenville Normal School for three sessions ending in 1875, the result of his clerical service in West Virginia state government. A building on the college campus is named in his honor.

Elected to the House of Delegates in 1891, Louis Bennett was made Speaker in his first term. In 1908 he was Democratic candidate for Governor, losing to William E. Glasscock by a plurality of about 12,000 votes.

The Louis Bennett's frequently traveled abroad. The children were educated in Eastern schools and in Europe. Daughter Agra, was presented at the first court of King George V.

Louis Bennett, Jr., (1894-1918) left Yale in 1917 to organize the West Virginia Flying Corps. He was commissioned Captain by the Governor, and authorized head of the Corp by the State Board of Defense. When the U.S. Government refused to accept state units, Bennett enlisted in the British Royal Flying Forces, attaining the rank of First Lieutenant. Upon his own request Bennett was sent to France ahead of his own unit. Between August 15 and August 24, 1918, he shot down three German planes and nine observation balloons. He was recommended for the Distinguished Flying Cross for his bravery. On August 24 Bennett was shot down by the Germans and died of injuries at Wavrin, France.

Seven memorials in the United States and Europe, including a church at Wavrin, France, were established in Louis Bennett's memory, largely through the efforts of

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Mrs. Louis Bennett, Sr. American Ambassador to the Court of St. James, West Virginian and family friend, John W. Davis, was instrumental in securing for Mrs. Bennett permission to give a memorial window in Westminister Abbey to the memory of "those members of the British Flying Services who fell in the Great War, 1914-18."

The first memorial to an aviator in the United States was dedicated in 1924 at Linsly Institute, Wheeling, West Virginia, in honor of Louis Bennett, Jr. The statue is entitled "The Aviator" and was executed by noted sculptor Henry Augustus Lukeman.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGR	APHICAL REFER	RENCES	
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Atkinson, Geo. W. and W.Va.: W. L. Cal	Gibbens, Alvaro J. lin, 1890.	Prominent Men of Wes	st Virginia. Wheeling,
10 GEOGRAPHICAL I)ATA		
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCR The Bennett Public Lib hillside, stepped side south. The rear lot 1 LIST ALL STATES AND	rary is located on walk on the north a ines of the library	and an open lot facing	g Bank Street on the of High Avenue on the east.
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
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	Culture Center, Ca		04) 348-0244
City OR TOWN Charleston		i	TATE st Virginia
12 STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATION	······	
		THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE S	
NATIONAL	STATE	X LO	CAL X
As the designated State Historic P hereby nominate this property for criteria and procedures set forth by STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF	inclusion in the National Revite, National Park Service.		
TITLE West Virginia	State Historic Pres	servation Officer D	DATE February 23, 1978
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS		N THE NATIONAL REGISTER	DATE
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL ATTEST:	REGISTER		
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